

Risk Assessment

The following risk assessment determines the risk of **Binturong** to Tasmania using the Bomford model (2008) and proposes assigned threat categories and import classifications for the species.

Species:		Binturong <i>Arctictis binturong</i>
Date of Assessment:	09 August 2021	
Literature search type and date:	DPIPWE library literature search, internet, species profile	
Factor	Score	
A1. Risk posed from individual escapees (0-2)	1	Unlikely to have an unprovoked attack but possess teeth and claws that could inflict an injury requiring hospitalisation
A2. Risk to public safety from individual captive animals (0-2)	0	Products of this animal unlikely to be used in a way that could cause a serious risk
Stage A. Risk posed by individual animals (risk that a captive or escape animal would harm people)	Public Safety Risk Score = A1 + A2 = 1	Public Safety Risk Ranking A ≥ 2, Highly Dangerous A = 1, Moderately Dangerous A = 0, Not Dangerous = Moderately Dangerous
B1. Climate match score (1-6)	1	No scores in top 5
B2. Exotic population established overseas score (0-4)	0	
B3. Overseas range size score (0-2)	1	3.5 million km ²
B4. Taxonomic class score (0-1)	1	Mammal
Stage B. Likelihood of establishment (risk that a particular species will establish a wild population in Tasmania)	Establishment Risk Score = B1 + B2 + B3 + B4 = 3	Establishment Risk Ranking B = 11-13, Extreme B = 9-10, High B = 6-8, Moderate B ≤ 5, Low = Low
C1. Taxonomic group (0-4)	2	Carnivora
C2. Overseas range size (0-2)	0	<10 million

C3. Diet and feeding (0-3)	1	Carnivore that primarily eats fruit but supplement this by hunting and eating small mammals, birds, insects, fish, and eggs.
C4. Competition for native fauna for tree hollows (0-2)	0	Lives in trees but does not use tree hollows
C5. Overseas environmental pest status (0-3)	0	Not known to be a pest
C6. Climate match to areas with susceptible native species or communities (0-5)	0	No grid square greater than 3
C7. Overseas primary production (0-3)	0	No reports of damage
C8. Climate match to susceptible primary production (0-5)	0	Score of 0.5 due to overlap with apiary production
C9. Spread disease (1-2)	2	Mammal
C10. Harm to property (0-3)	0	No reports
C11. Harm to people (0-5)	0	No reports
Stage C. Consequence of Establishment (risk that an established population would cause harm)	Consequence Risk Score = sum of C1 to C11 =5	Consequence Risk Ranking C > 19, Extreme C = 15-19, High C = 9-14, Moderate C < 9, Low = Low
ASSIGNED THREAT CATEGORY:	EXTREME SERIOUS MODERATE LOW EXTREME UNTIL PROVEN OTHERWISE	
PROPOSED IMPORT CLASSIFICATION:	PROHIBITED IMPORT RESTRICTED TO THOSE LICENCE HOLDERS APPROVED FOR KEEPING SERIOUS THREAT SPECIES IMPORT RESTRICTED TO THOSE LICENCE HOLDERS APPROVED FOR KEEPING MODERATE THREAT SPECIES IMPORT PERMITTED	



CALCULATING TOTAL COMMODITY DAMAGE SCORE

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5
Industry	Commodity Value Index (CVI)	Potential Commodity Impact Score (PCIS, 0-3)	Climate Match to Commodity Score (CMCS, 0-5)	Commodity Damage Score (CDS columns 2 x 3 x 4)
Cattle (includes dairy and beef)	11	0		
Timber (includes native and plantation forests)	10	0		
Aquaculture	6	1	0	
Sheep (includes wool and meat)	5	0		
Vegetables	5	1	0	
Fruit (includes wine grapes)	5	1	0	
Poultry (including eggs)	1.5	1	0	
Cereal grain (includes wheat, barley, sorghum etc)	1	0		
Other crops and horticulture (includes nuts and flowers)	1	0		
Pigs	1	0		
Bees (includes honey, beeswax, and pollination)	0.5	1	1	0.5
Oilseeds (includes canola, sunflower etc)	0.5	0		
Grain legumes (includes soybeans)	0.3	0		
Other livestock (includes goats and deer)	0.3	0		
Total Commodity Damage Score (TCDS)				0.5

APPENDIX B: ASSIGNING SPECIES TO THREAT CATEGORIES

A: Danger posed by individual animals (risk a captive or escaped individual would harm people)	B: Likelihood of establishment (risk that a particular species will establish a wild population in Tasmania)	C: Consequence of establishment (risk that an established population would cause harm)	Threat category	Implications for any proposed import into Tasmania
Highly, Moderately or Not Dangerous	Extreme	Extreme	Extreme	Prohibited
Highly, Moderately or Not Dangerous	Extreme	High		
Highly, Moderately or Not Dangerous	Extreme	Moderate		
Highly, Moderately or Not Dangerous	Extreme	Low		
Highly, Moderately or Not Dangerous	High	Extreme		
Highly, Moderately or Not Dangerous	High	High		
Highly, Moderately or Not Dangerous	Moderate	Extreme		
Highly, Moderately or Not Dangerous	High	Moderate	Serious	Import restricted to those licence holders approved for keeping serious threat species
Highly, Moderately or Not Dangerous	High	Low		
Highly, Moderately or Not Dangerous	Moderate	High		
Highly Dangerous	Moderate	Moderate		
Highly Dangerous	Moderate	Low		
Highly, Moderately or Not Dangerous	Low	Extreme		
Highly, Moderately or Not Dangerous	Low	High		
Highly Dangerous	Low	Moderate		
Highly Dangerous	Low	Low		
Moderately or Not Dangerous	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Import restricted to those licence holders approved for keeping moderate threat species
Moderately or Not Dangerous	Moderate	Low		
Moderately or Not Dangerous	Low	Moderate		
Moderately Dangerous	Low	Low		
Not Dangerous	Low	Low	Low	Import permitted
Unknown	Any value	Any value	Extreme until proven otherwise	Prohibited
Any Value	Unknown	Any value		
Any Value	Any value	Unknown		
Unassessed	Unassessed	Unassessed		



Visit: www.dainwe.tas.gov.au