

## DVG *Eucalyptus viminalis* grassy forest and woodland: (forest)

### Community Description:

*Eucalyptus viminalis* grassy forest and woodland is characteristically low to medium height (15-25m) open grassy forest dominated by *E. viminalis*. The understorey is generally grassy; however, rock can form a significant cover in some situations. Low shrubs may form a sparse layer. The specific make-up of the understorey depends largely on the fire and grazing regimes. This benchmark is one of 2 benchmarks available to assess the condition of DVG.

### Benchmarks:

Component	Height (m)	Cover (%)	DBH (cm)	Diameter (cm)	Count (#/ha)	Total Length (m/0.1 ha)
<b>Tree Canopy</b>	20	30	-	-	-	-
<b>Large Trees</b>	-	-	60	-	15	-
<b>Logs</b>	-	-	-	≥ 10	-	40
<b>Large Logs</b>	-	-	-	≥ 30	-	-
<b>Organic Litter</b>	-	60	-	-	-	-
<b>Recruitment</b>	Continuous					

Understorey Life Forms	LF code	# Spp	Cover (%)
Immature Canopy Tree	ICT	1	5
Tree (sub-canopy)/Large Shrub	T	3	5
Medium Shrub/Small Shrub	S	6	15
Prostrate and Mat Forming Shrubs (incl. cushion plants)	PS	3	5
Herbs and Orchids	H	12	5
Grasses	G	6	50
Large Sedge/Rush/Sagg/Lily	LSR	3	15
Medium to Small Sedge/Rush/Sagg/Lily	MSR	1	5
Ground Ferns and fern allies	GF	1	5
Scramblers/Climbers/Epiphytes	SCE	1	5
Mosses and Lichens	ML	1	5
<b>Total</b>	<b>II</b>	<b>38</b>	

**Species lists:**

Tree Canopy Species	Common Name	Notes
<i>Eucalyptus viminalis</i>	white gum	
<i>Eucalyptus amygdalina</i>	black peppermint	
<i>Eucalyptus ovata</i>	black gum	
<i>Eucalyptus pauciflora</i>	cabbage gum	
<i>Eucalyptus dalrympleana</i>	mountain white gum	300-600m asl
<i>Eucalyptus rubida</i>	candlebark	localised stands Southern Midlands & Fingal Valley

Typical Understorey Species *	Common Name	LF Code
<i>Acacia dealbata</i>	silver wattle	T
<i>Acacia mearnsii</i>	black wattle	T
<i>Allocasuarina verticillata</i>	drooping sheoak	T
<i>Bursaria spinosa</i>	prickly box	T
<i>Leptospermum scoparium</i>	common teatree	T
<i>Exocarpos cupressiformis</i>	common native-cherry	T
<i>Acacia</i> spp.	wattle	S
<i>Pultenaea</i> spp.	bushpea	S
<i>Epacris impressa</i>	common heath	S
<i>Leucopogon</i> spp.	beardheath	S
<i>Lissanthe strigosa</i>	peachberry heath	S
<i>Pimelea</i> spp.	riceflower	S
<i>Astroloma humifusum</i>	native cranberry	PS
<i>Bossiaea prostrata</i>	creeping bossia	PS
<i>Styphelia adscendens</i>	golden heath	PS
<i>Acaena</i> spp.	sheepsburr	H
<i>Gonocarpus</i> spp.	raspwort	H
<i>Helichrysum</i> spp.	everlasting	H
<i>Dichondra repens</i>	kidneyweed	H
<i>Leptorhynchus</i> spp.	buttons	H
Orchidaceae	orchids	H
<i>Viola hederacea</i>	ivyleaf violet	H
<i>Wahlenbergia</i> spp.	bluebell	H
<i>Deyeuxia</i> spp.	bentgrass	G
<i>Austrodanthonia</i> spp.	wallabygrass	G
<i>Austrostipa</i> spp.	speargrass	G
<i>Ehrharta</i> spp.	ricegrass	G
<i>Poa</i> spp.	tussockgrass	G
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	spreading flaxlily	LSR
<i>Lepidosperma</i> spp.	swordsedge	LSR
<i>Lomandra longifolia</i>	sagg	LSR
<i>Diplarrena moraea</i>	white flag-iris	LSR
<i>Pteridium esculentum</i>	bracken	GF
<i>Cassytha</i> spp.	dodderlaurel	SCE

\*This list is provided as a guide only. The species listed are typical of this plant community type but may not necessarily be present.